Beacon Falls Board of Finance By-Laws

APPROVED

17Feb 2016

REVISED

13Oct 2020



Article I

Purpose and Authorization

The purpose of these bylaws is to outline procedure and policy for the Beacon Falls Board of Finance where no existing statute or bylaw exists. No bylaw provided here may supersede or contradict existing state or town statute, and any such bylaw determined to do so will be immediately deemed invalid and all actions or decisions made on the basis of that bylaw null and void.

The bylaws must be agreed by a majority vote of the Board of Finance, at which point they will immediately become effective and binding. Upon approval, the board should create a bylaws committee and vote on its membership. This committee will be responsible for suggesting any future amendments or additions to the bylaws.

The members of the Beacon Falls Board of Finance are responsible for the content of these bylaws and bound by their requirements. Upon the violation of any bylaw the Chair may call for a hearing by the board to review the circumstances of the violation and possible actions taken, all of which must be consistent with existing state statutes.

The Beacon Falls Board of Finance should be generally familiar with Chapter 106 "Town Boards of Finance" within Title 7 "Municipalities" of the Connecticut General Statute. It is located here: https://www.cga.ct.gov/current/pub/chap 106.htm. Please note that it is subject to periodic revision by the General Assembly and should be reviewed by the Board, at a minimum, once a year for any updates. If revised, these By-Laws should be updated to correspond. While these By-Laws and the Town's Financial Policy Manual are generally consistent with Chapter 106, if any inconsistences are located, these By-Laws and the Manual supersede. Below is an excerpt of the current version of Chapter 106 for reference:

CHAPTER 106* TOWN BOARDS OF FINANCE

*Cited. 103 C. 424. Board of finance does not have power, by refusing to make an estimate, to disable town or officers from performing statutory duty or exercising discretion. 115 C. 151. Cited. 121 C. 239. Respective powers of town board of finance and board of education. 127 C. 345. Cited. 138 C. 524.

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Sec. 7-340. Towns may establish.
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Sec. 7-344. Appropriations. Laying of tax.

Sec. 7-345. Information concerning town agencies.
Sec. 7-346. Tax may be apportioned over a period of years.

Sec. 7-347. May transfer unexpended balances.

Sec. 7-348. Towns not to contract in excess of appropriations. Town meeting to increase amount.

Sec. 7-340. Towns may establish. Any town may, at any annual or special meeting, warned and held for that purpose, vote to establish a board of finance. If such vote is in the affirmative, a certificate of such approval shall be recorded in the office of the clerk of such town and a certified copy thereof shall be filed by such clerk in the office of the Secretary of the State, who shall record the same. Within ten days after such affirmative vote has been passed by any town, its selectmen shall appoint six electrors and taxpayers of such town as members of such board, each of whom shall serve from the date of his appointment to the date of the election and qualification of his successor in accordance with the provisions of section 9-202. All rights and powers conferred and duties and obligations imposed by the general statutes upon boards of finances thall be held to be conferred or imposed upon each board of finance as soon as it is established under the provisions of this chapter. No town shall vote to abolish a board of finance until after the expiration of two years from the date of its establishment.

(1949 Rev., S. 772.)

Cited, 137 C. 337; 241 C. 310.

Cited, 10 CS 252.

Sec. 7-340a. Alternate members of boards of finance. Appointment or election provided for by ordinance. Any town, in addition to such powers as it has under the provisions of the general statutes, any special act or municipal charter, shall have the power to provide by ordinance for the appointment or election of not more than three alternate members to its board of finance, subject to the provisions of section 9-167a concerning minority representation of political parties. Such alternate members shall, when seated as herein provided, have all the powers and duties set forth in the general statutes, any special act or municipal charter relating to such town for such board of finance and its members. Such alternate members shall be electors and taxpayers of such town. If a regular member of such board is absent or is disqualified, such absent or disqualified member shall fail or refuse to designate an alternate to so act. In the event that an absent or disqualified regular members of the provisions of section 9-167a, to so act for such absent or disqualified regular member.

(P.A. 75-440, S. 1, 2; P.A. 76-72, S. 1, 2.)

History: P.A. 76-72 provided for appointment of alternate by majority vote of those present when not designated by regular member he is to replace.

(Return to List of Chapters) (Return to List of Titles) Sec. 7-341. Oath. Expenses. The members of the board of finance shall be sworn to a faithful performance of their duties. No member shall receive compensation for his services as such, but the necessary expenses of the board, when approved, shall be paid by the town.

(1949 Rev., S. 773; 1953, S. 354d.)

What constitutes office within purview of statute, 121 C, 242,

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Sec. 7-342. Officers. Meetings. Filing of minutes and records. Polling of members. Such board shall choose one of its members to be chairman thereof and shall choose a clerk. If such officers are not chosen within one month after the appointment or election of the board because of a tie vote of the members, the board of selectmen or chief executive authority of such town shall choose such officers from the membership of the board. At all meetings of the tensus of the concurrence of three votes shall be necessary for the transaction of executive and may hold such regular and special meetings as may be advisable at any time upon giving at least twenty-four hours notice to each member before the time of such meeting, provided, except where otherwise provided by special act or charter, in any case involving a vote of the board on an appropriation, or a transfer within an existing appropriation, or an amount not exceeding one thousand dollars, the chairman or, in his absence, the clerk or any two members, an exceeding one themebers thereof; and the clerk shall cause to be prepared and flied with the town clerk, within two wecks, a statement of the result of such poll. Four polled members shall constitute a quorum for such purpose and a concurring vote of three such members shall be sufficient for the transaction of business. Every members are the direction of the chairman or the board or upon a written request of any two members thereof. The clerk shall cause to be prepared and flied with the town clerk a copy of the minutes and records of each regular and special meeting either at the direction of the chairman of the board or upon a written request of any two members thereof. The clerk shall cause to be prepared and flied with the town clerk a copy of the minutes and records of each regular and special meeting either at the direction of the chairman of the board or upon a written request of any two members thereof. The clerk shall cause to be prepared and flied with the town clerk a copy of the minutes and records

(1949 Rev., S. 775; 1949, S. 356d; 1957, P.A. 216, S. 1; 1961, P.A. 54; 1967, P.A. 791.)

History: 1961 act extended filing period from one to two weeks; 1967 act provided for polling in lieu of vote in matters concerning appropriations of \$1,000 or less.

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Sec. 7-343. Filling of vacancies. In case of a vacancy in the membership of the board of finance, unless otherwise provided by charter or special act, the remaining members of the board shall, at a special meeting called by the chairman for that purpose, by a majority vote, appoint a successor, who shall serve until the next town election and until his successor is elected and has quified. At the next town election following the occurrence of such vacancy, the electors shall elect a successor for the unexpired portion of the term and the office to be filled shall be designated on the official ball by the words "For Ill vacancy for "...", followed by the duration of the unexpired term and the office to be filled shall be designated on the official ball by the words "For Ill vacancy for "...", followed by the duration of the unexpired term and the office to be filled shall be designated to

(1949 Rev., S. 776; 1953, 1955, S. 357d; 1967, P.A. 122.)

History: 1967 act added phrase providing exception to procedure for filling vacancy detailed in section if other provisions made by charter or special act.

See Sec. 9-1 for applicable definitions.

Cited. 41 CS 267

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Sec. 7-344. Appropriations. Laying of tax. Not less than two weeks before the annual town meeting, the board shall hold a public hearing, at which itemized estimates of the expenditures of the town for the ensuing fiscal year shall be presented and at which all persons shall be heard in regard to any appropriation which they are desirous that the board should recommend or reject. The board shall, after such public hearing, hold a public meeting at which it shall consider the estimates so presented and any other matters brought to its attention and shall thereupon prepare and cause to be published in a newspaper in such town, if any, otherwise in a newspaper having a substantial circulation in such town, a report in a form prescribed by the Secretary of the Office of Policy and Management containing; (1) An itemized statement of all actual receipts from all sources of such town during its last fiscal year; (2) an itemized statement by classification of all actual expenditures during the same year; (3) an itemized statement by classification of all property taxation for such ensuing fiscal year; and (5) the amount of revenue surplus or deficit of the town at the beginning of the fiscal year for which secondary to the provided any town which, according to the most recent federal census, thas a population of less than five thousand may, by ordinance, waive such publication requirement, in which case the board shall provide for the printing or mimeographing of copies of such report in a number equal to ten per cent of the population of such town according to such federal census, which copies shall be available for distribution five days before the annual budget meeting of such town. The board shall submit such estimate with its recommendations to the annual town meeting next ensuing, and such meeting shall take action upon such estimate and recommendations, and make such specific appropriations as appear advisable, but no appropriation shall be made exceeding in amount that for the same purpose recommended by the bo

 $(1949\ Rev., S.\ 777;\ 1953,\ 1955,\ S.\ 359d;\ P.A.\ 77-614,\ S.\ 139,\ 610;\ P.A.\ 79-101;\ P.A.\ 80-483,\ S.\ 177,\ 186;\ P.A.\ 83-484;\ P.A.\ 95-283,\ S.\ 26,\ 68;\ P.A.\ 11-20,\ S.\ 1.)$

History: P.A. 77-614 substituted commissioner of revenue services for tax commissioner, effective January 1, 1979; P.A. 79-101 required that public hearing, rather than public meeting, be held two weeks before town meeting and that consideration of estimates be held in public meeting rather than executive session; P.A. 80-483 substituted secretary of the office of policy and management for commissioner of revenue services; P.A. 83-484 provided for advisory questions on the budget when submitted to a vote by voting machine; P.A. 95-283 replaced board of tax review with board of assessment appeals, effective July 6, 1995; pursuant to P.A. 11-20, "machine" was changed editorially by the Revisors to "fabulator", effective May 24, 2011.

See Sec. 7-388 re annual budget meeting.

See Sec. 7-390 re publication of budget statement.

See Sec. 7-406 re town report

Property in city of Stamford is subject to town taxes to meet expenses of services performed outside city and not benefiting property owners in city. 134 C. 65. Board properly exercised its discretion in that salary increase for teachers was beyond amount reasonably necessary. 138 C. 521. Cited. 178 C. 81; 192 C. 426; 217 C. 303. Statute does not preclude town charter from allowing for a bifurcated town budget. 268 C. 295.

Statute precludes charter amendment providing for separate referenda on town operating budget and board of education budget. 70 CA 358.

Board is bound to apply cash surplus in town's general fund to reduction of amount of estimated expenditures. Court cannot direct records of minutes of board be kept in town clerk's office. 11 CS 215. Towns are required to levy such taxes as are sufficient to pay estimated expenses of town for current year. 14 CS 258. If board makes no recommendations for appropriations, only annual town meeting may make appropriations. 16 CS 485. Cited. 20 CS 227; 32 CS 237.

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Sec. 7-345. Information concerning town agencies. Each town agency which has expended any appropriation during the past year or is requesting any appropriation for the ensuing year shall report to the board of finance such information as said board requires for its purposes under section 7-344, and said board shall, for such purposes, have access to the books and records of any such agency.

(1951, S. 361d.)

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Sec. 7-346. Tax may be apportioned over a period of years. Wherever used in this section, the phrase "recurring expenditure" means an expenditure for a purpose for which an appropriation was made in each of the three preceding fiscal years. If any expenditure, other than a recurring expenditure, authorized in the budget or by the town meeting is of so large an amount that the tax laid to pay it would make the total tax so high as, in the judgment of the board, to be inconsistent with the public welfare, the board may apportion the tax for such expenditure over a period of not more than five years, and the amount apportioned each year shall be thereafter included in the budget as a fixed charge until such time as the total amount of such expenditure has been paid. If the electors of such town, at a legal meeting held for such purpose, vote to issue bonds, the interest on such bonds and an annual appropriation for a sinking fund sufficient to pay the same at maturity shall be included in the budget as a fixed charge. The provisions of this section shall not apply to any expenditure which is to be met by the proceeds of a bond issue and which has been authorized by vote of any town at any meeting thereoff. Any charter provision of any municipality authorizing the apportionment of the tax laid for any recurring expenditure over a period of years is repealed. The provisions of this section shall apply to any town having a board of finance created by special act and shall become a part of such special act upon the adoption of the provisions of this section by a town at any annual or special meeting of the electors of such town called for that purpose.

(1949 Rev., S. 778.)

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Sec. 7-347. May transfer unexpended balances. The board may transfer unexpended balances from one appropriation to another, but no amount appropriated for any purpose, whether general or special, shall be used or appropriated for any other purpose unless the same is recommended by the board.

(1949 Rev., S. 779.)

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Sec. 7-348. Towns not to contract in excess of appropriations. Town meeting to increase amount. No officer of such town shall expend or enter into any contract by which the town shall become liable for any sum which, with any contract then in force, shall exceed the appropriation for the department, except in cases of necessity connected with the repair of highways, bridges, sidewalks and water and sewer systems and the care of the town poor, and then not more than one thousand dollars. If any occasion arises whereby more money is needed for any department of the town than has been appropriated as provided for in this chapter, the selectmen shall notify the board of finance of such fact, and the charman of such board shall forthwith call as meeting thereof to consider the appropriation for such department and the board may make the necessary appropriation therefor, after inquiry, but, if, in thous where the grand list is not more than twenty million dollars, the amount required or the amount required or the amount required or any such additional appropriations, exceeds twenty thousand dollars, such appropriation should have been appropriated or the amount required or any such additional appropriations, exceeds twenty thousand dollars, such appropriations for any one department shall be made in one year without town meeting approval, and provided the board may make additional appropriations for any one department shall be made in one year without town meeting approval and or the agergate, two thousand dollars in towns where the grand list does not exceed twenty million dollars. The amount required for such appropriation may be drawn either from any cash surplus available or from any constitution towns where the grand list does not exceed twenty million dollars or four thousand dollars in towns where the grand list does not exceed twenty million dollars. The board may obtain in

(1949 Rev., S. 780; 1953, 1955, S. 360d; 1961, P.A. 409; 1963, P.A. 428; 1967, P.A. 172; P.A. 74-66; P.A. 80-106, S. 1, 2; P.A. 90-23, S. 2, 3.)

History: 1961 act distinguished between towns where the grand list is not more than \$20,000,000 and those in which the grand list exceeds \$20,000,000 and provided no more than one additional appropriation could be made for any one department without town meeting approval; 1963 act provided that, in the consideration of whether the amount required for an additional appropriation exceeds \$1,000 or \$2,000, as the case may be, other additional appropriations must be counted, made special provision for additional appropriations for town poor and made exception for settlement of claims and judgments against the towns; 1967 act raised limit on expenditures for highway and bridge repairs to \$1,000 and for towns with grand list over \$20,000,000 from \$2,000,000 from \$1,000 to \$2,000,000 from \$1,000 to \$2,000,000 from \$2,000 to \$5,000, PA. 80-106 raised limits for towns with grand list over \$20,000,000 from \$2,000,000 from

See Sec. 4-100 re penalty for exceeding appropriations

When town liable under contract though amount exceeds unexpended balance of appropriation. 111 C, 510. Board of finance cannot place funds for school purposes in general government budget to be paid to school board on happening of certain contingencies. 151 C, 1. Cited. 237 C, 135.

Authority of court to grant permanent injunction for restricting an appropriation during fiscal year. 11 CS 215. Where town within borough required to pay borough cost of repairing and maintaining roads within town, fact that no appropriation was made in annual budget of the town for this purpose is not a valid defense. 20 CS 309.

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Sec. 7-349. Penalty. Any officer who, in violation of any provision of this chapter, expends or causes to be expended any money of such town, except for the purpose of paying judgments rendered against such town, shall be liable in a civil action in the name of such town, and the amount so drawn from the treasury of such town shall be liquidated damages in such action against any such officer.

(1949 Rev., S. 781.)

Town, by acting specifically upon a matter, divests its officers or agents of power to contract other than in conformity to vote of town. 111 C. 516.

Cited. 11 CS 215.

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Article II

Board membership

The board will be comprised of 6 members. The First Selectman serves as ex-officio member of the Beacon Falls Board of Finance with no voting rights.

ARTICI F III

Officers and their Duties

Section 1

The Chair shall preside at all meetings and hearings of the Board and shall have the duties normally conferred by parliamentary usage on such officers. In the event the Chair is unable to attend a meeting, the vice-chair takes on those responsibilities. In the event the vice-chair is also unavailable, the Secretary takes those responsibilities.

Section 2

The board shall elect officers (Chair, Vice-Chair, Secretary) at the first regular Board of Finance meeting in December. Candidates will be proposed via a motion and those candidates receiving greater than 50% of the vote will be elected.

Section 3

No member of the board shall serve more than two consecutive terms in the same position.

There are no requirements on the selection of a chair based upon party affiliation.

Section 4

All **official** communications outside of in-session public meetings on the part of any member of the board must have the prior authorization of the board via majority vote, and all materials made available to the entire board prior to that vote. This includes letters to the public, media, governmental agencies, employees of the town, or outside agencies.

With regard to communications such as formal letters and presentations, only the final copy of a proposed communication may be voted upon.

The Chair has no authority to make formal communications or participate in meetings external to the Board of Finance, and is bound by this bylaw as any other member, unless such communications or participation is approved by a majority of the board in advance.

All **unofficial** communications on the part of any member of the board must make clear that they are on the part of the individual member as a citizen of the town and not intended to reflect the opinion of the Board of Finance. This includes, but is not limited to, Letters to the Editor, statements to the press, and verbal statements in public hearings.

Section 5

Committees shall be created by a majority vote of the board. Membership of committees shall be proposed via motion and approved by a majority vote of the board.

The scope and duration of new committees must be made clear at the time of the creation.

Article IV

Disqualifications

No member of the Board shall participate in the hearing or decision of the Board of which he/she is a member upon any matter in which he/she is directly or indirectly interested in a financial sense. In the event of such disqualification, such fact shall be entered into the records of the Board.

Article V

Contract Review

The Board of Finance may appoint a liaison with the Board of Selectmen and a liaison with the Board of Education to request consultation on labor contracts.

 Note that Connecticut General Statute 10-153d requires that the town's fiscal authority (the Board of Finance) be consulted by the Board of Education prior to negotiations with teachers' and administrators' unions.

Article VI

Town Audit and Accounts

Section 1

The Board of Finance shall provide for an annual independent audit of the books and accounts of the Town as required by the General Statutes.

Section 2

The Board of Finance shall periodically, but no less often than every five years, explore options for auditing firms through the RFP process. A change in auditing firms will not be mandated.

Article VII

Long term planning

Section 1

The Board of Finance, in liaison with the Finance Manager and the First Selectman, must create and maintain a three-year capital plan for all departments funded by the town budget. This capital plan must detail all capital assets owned by town agencies that may require future replacement or refurbishment.

Section 2

No town department may request funding for capital replacement or refurbishment of an asset that is not listed on the capital plan without approval of the Board of Finance.

Article VIII

All official documents and recordings of Board of Finance meetings and workshops must be archived with the Beacon Falls Town Clerk and maintained there in a manner consistent with state archiving requirements.

Article IX

Amendments

These bylaws may be amended by a majority of the entire voting membership of the Board, only after the proposed change(s) has been read and discussed at a previous Regular Meeting.

Revisions

• October 13, 2020: State Statute Chapter 106 added to Article I